



# The NJ1020 Smart Battery

## User Notes

### **What is the NJ1020 Smart Battery?**

The NJ1020 is a highly sophisticated 12V nickel metal hydride battery pack designed for use in a variety of applications in which light weight & high energy storage are required. It uses the System Management Bus (SMBus) to communicate with its host device and with its charger.

The NJ1020 uses Electronically Programmable Read Only Memory (EPROM) to store key data relating specifically to the particular nickel metal hydride cells used and their associated fuel gauging algorithms. This is a preferable solution to an Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC), which gives a generic, approximated solution aimed at covering all nickel metal hydride cell types. The NJ1020 programming can readily be updated to accommodate cell upgrades, performance changes or to include some custom features required by customers. Please contact Inspired Energy, Inc. for details on custom hybrid versions of the NJ1020.

### **Charging**

The NJ1020 requires a smart SMBus charger of level II or higher. The battery will issue commands over the SMBus to the charger in order to control the charge rate & voltage. Alternatively a constant current charger with appropriate terminations & controls as detailed in the NJ1020 Engineering Specification can be used. The charger must be capable of delivering a low rate current to “wake-up” the electronics if the battery has been discharged to the point at which the electronics self disconnect.

### **Discharging**

The runtime of your NJ1020 will be reduced if it is operated below room temperature. Increasing the temperature does not increase runtime, but it will reduce the overall life of your battery.

The runtime of your NJ1020 will be reduced if it is discharged at high currents. (The NJ1020 can deliver a maximum of 3A continuously) Above certain currents the safety circuitry will operate (see “Safety” below.) Runtime is not increased by operation at very low currents.

The electronic fuel gauge & protection circuitry in your NJ1020 are specifically designed to use minimal power, thus leaving the maximum energy available for use by the host device.

### **Storage**

Optimum storage is achieved at room temperature. Elevated temperatures will reduce storage life.

NJ1020 batteries are shipped with a minimum of 20% remaining capacity to give at least 6 months shelf life at room temperature before the electronics go into shutdown mode. It is recommended that the battery is periodically recharged if long storage is required without the electronics going into shutdown mode.

Nickel metal hydride cells must not be over-discharged (see “Safety” below) for this reason the electronics in your NJ1020 have three states of power consumption.

1. Active - the battery is operational & the electronics are actively monitoring and communicating battery status.
2. Sleep - the battery has not been used for a few seconds.
3. Shutdown - the battery is in storage and has self discharged down to a pre-set voltage. At this point the electronics self-disconnect removing their electronic load from the cells.

After a period of shutdown, the battery will undergo a self-test immediately upon being put charge. The electronics will “wake-up” and begin to monitor battery voltage in response to a very low initial charge rate which is requested by the battery of the SMBus charger. If the voltage does not recover then the battery pack



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has been allowed to discharge beyond the point of safe recovery. The charge will be terminated and the battery pack should be replaced.

During electronic shutdown, the volatile parts of the memory will have been lost & the SMBus register will need to re-create these during the next few cycles. Until this is completed, fuel gauge accuracy will be reduced. Carrying out a recalibration cycle as soon as possible after shutdown can speed up this process. During electronic shutdown no SMBus data critical to the safe operation of the NJ1020 is lost.

### **Recalibration**

“Real-life” applications rarely fully discharge a battery pack. Frequent partial discharges are not a problem to your NJ1020, however after repeated use in this way, the accuracy of the fuel gauge will be reduced.

The NJ1020 has a built-in monitoring system which checks the accuracy of the fuel gauge, based on the discharge history of the battery. This is broadcast over the SMBus and can be used by the host device to inform the user when to recalibrate the electronic fuel gauge.

Recalibration of the electronics is achieved by fully discharging any remaining capacity in the NJ1020, a full recharge followed by a full discharge. Depending on the storage history of the battery pack, the NJ1020 may require calibration by the end user from new.

### **Life**

The NJ1020 is designed to provide 300 full charge/discharge cycles at room temperature & under normal discharge rates. Cycle life will be maximized by using the “Dynamic End of Discharge” shutdown system (Patent pending) & the end of discharge instructions issued by the NJ1020 to the host device over the SMBus. Use of a fixed voltage cutoff by the host device may reduce the cycle life of the product. If the NJ1020 is not fully discharged each time, the number of cycles available over life may increase.

### **The LED Fuel Gauge**

The NJ1020 employs a 4 segment LED fuel gauge, activated by a push button.

Between 76 & 100% charge all four LED's will light

Between 51 & 75% charge 3 LED's will light

Between 26 & 50% charge 2 LED's will light

Between 10 & 25% charge 1 LED will light

Below 10% charge, one LED will flash

Fuel gauge accuracy in normal use is typically  $\pm 1.5\%$

The NJ1020 continuously monitors the accuracy of its on-board fuel gauge & broadcasts it's accuracy level over the SMBus. The host device can use this information to inform the user if there is a need to recalibrate the electronic fuel gauging system.

### **Safety**

Nickel metal hydride cells contain a tremendous amount of stored energy. They require protection to ensure that this energy is always delivered in a controlled manner. The NJ1020 features passive safety components to ensure that the battery remains safe in all failure modes.



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Excessive temperatures will cause cell failure. The NJ1020 features a Polyswitch™ device and a thermostat, which shut down the battery & prevent further charge or discharge if exposed to high temperatures &/or current. These protection devices will re-set when the temperature is lowered. There is also a thermal fuse, which will permanently shut down the battery if it is exposed to excessive temperatures. (Polyswitch™ is a trademark of Raychem corp.)

Inspired Energy recommends that the device uses the SMBus end of discharge alarms issued by the NJ1020 to gain maximum runtime over the life of the battery pack. If the device continues to discharge the battery beyond the cutoff voltage, the life of the battery will be reduced.

### **The SMBus**

The NJ1020 communicates 34 separate pieces of battery status data to the host device and/or charger over the SMBus. How many of these are used and how effectively they are employed depends on the host device design.

The NJ1020 uses 16 bit sampling to measure current & voltage in & out of the battery. This achieves a resolution of <1mV & <0.5mA for the on-board fuel gauge. Temperature is monitored to within  $\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The NJ1020 monitors the normal voltage decay over life of its lithium ion cells & can change its end-point voltage to ensure maximum dischargeable capacity is available throughout the battery's life. This feature is unique and is referred to as "Dynamic End Of Discharge Voltage". Use of this feature by the host device will ensure maximum runtime and cycle life for the battery.

If the "Dynamic End of Discharge Voltage" communicated by the battery over the SMBus is not used, the battery should use an 8.1V cutoff voltage; runtime and cycle life may be reduced.

The NJ1020 broadcasts its status over the SMBus. Some of the information provided by the NJ1020, which may be useful to a device user, is listed below:

1. Remaining time to empty – a measure of how much runtime remains based on the current discharge rate
2. Remaining time to full – a measure of how long the battery will take to reach full charge
3. Cycle count – how many charge & discharge cycles the battery has undergone
4. Remaining time alarm – this can be set by the host device to give the user a warning at a predetermined point before the device shuts down (eg "you have 5 minutes of runtime remaining")
5. Max error – a measure of how accurately (or inaccurately) the fuel gauge is currently operating. The host device can use this to notify the user of the need to recalibrate the battery pack electronics.

Although this information is broadcasted to the host device and the charger, your device may not have the capability to transmit these messages from the battery to you.

A handheld SMBus reader is available by special order from Inspired Energy, Inc. This allows a user to interrogate the battery and immediately view the battery status.

The host device or charger may not be designed to listen to or act upon the instructions issued by the NJ1020. As a minimum, for optimum operation, Inspired Energy recommends that the following SMBus commands from the battery are used by the device & charger:

- 1) The "Terminate Discharge Alarm" &/or "Fully Discharged" bit. This will ensure that the End Of Discharge Voltage (EODV) is used to provide the user with maximum runtime and cycle life throughout the life of the product & to ensure proper calibration cycles are achieved.



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- 2) The “Terminate Charge Alarm” &/or “Fully Charged” bit to maximize capacity, ensure correct, full charging & to ensure proper calibration cycles are achieved.
- 3) The “Max Error” value to signal to the user when a recalibration is required.
- 4) The Remaining Time To Empty value should be employed to give the user an accurate update on remaining runtime.

### **NJ1020 Specifications**

A detailed engineering specification, including details of the SMBus communication system, is available at [www.inspired-energy.com](http://www.inspired-energy.com).